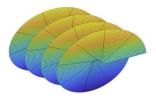
### MATH 223: Multivariable Calculus



#### Class 8: February 26, 2025

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- Notes on Assignment 7
- Assignment 8
- Unified Treatment Of Tangent Lines and Planes

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## Announcements

# Exam 1: Next Monday, 7 PM -No Time Limit

# No Books, Computers, Smart Phones, etc. One Page of Your Own Notes OK

Tangent Plane To Graph of  $f : \mathcal{R}^n \to \mathcal{R}^1$  at point  $(\mathbf{a}, f(\mathbf{a}))$ 

$$n = 2$$
:  $T(\mathbf{x}) = f(\mathbf{a}) + (f_x(\mathbf{a}), f_y(\mathbf{a})) \cdot (\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{a})$ 

In general,

$$T(\mathbf{x}) = f(\mathbf{a}) + \nabla f(\mathbf{a}) \cdot (\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{a})$$

where  $\nabla f(a) = (f_1)(a), f_2(a, ..., f_n(a))$ 

Tangent Hyperplanen = 1Ordinary Tangent Linen = 2Tangent Plane

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Example:  $f(x, y, z) = \frac{x^2 y}{z}$ Note:  $f : \mathcal{R}^3 \to \mathcal{R}^1$  so GRAPH lives in  $\mathcal{R}^4$ . Find Equation of Tangent Hyperplane at  $\mathbf{a} = (-3, 4, 2)$ 

$$f_x(x, y, z) = \frac{2xy}{z}$$

$$f_y(x, y, z) = \frac{x^2}{z} \quad so \nabla f(x, y, z) = \left(\frac{2xy}{z}, \frac{x^2}{z}, -\frac{x^y}{z^2}\right)$$

$$f_z(x, y, z) = -\frac{x^y}{z^2}$$
at  $\mathbf{a} = (-3, 4, 2) : f(\mathbf{a}) = \frac{(-3)^2 \times 4}{2} = 18$ 

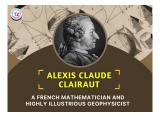
$$\nabla f(\mathbf{a}) = \left(\frac{(2)(-3)(4)}{2}, \frac{(-3)^2}{2}, -\frac{(-3)^2(4)}{2}\right) = \left(-12, \frac{9}{2}, -9\right)$$

Equation of Tangent Hyperplane is

$$w = 18 + \left(-12, \frac{9}{2}, -9\right) \cdot (x + 3, y - 4, z - 2)$$

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Clairaut's Theorem on Equality of Mixed Partials If  $f_{xy}$  and  $f_{yx}$  are continuous at **a**, then  $f_{xy}(\mathbf{a}) = f_{yx}(\mathbf{a})$ 



May 7, 1713 - May 17, 1765

Proof: End of Section 3.3 in text.

**Mean Value Theorem**: Suppose f is a real-valued function of a real variable. If f is continuous on the closed interval [a, b] and differentiable on the open interval (a, b), then there is at least one number c in the open interval such that (b-a)f'(c) = f(b) - f(a).

Clairaut's Theorem on Equality of Mixed Partials If  $f_{xy}$  and  $f_{yx}$  are continuous at **a**, then  $f_{xy}(\mathbf{a}) = f_{yx}(\mathbf{a})$ 

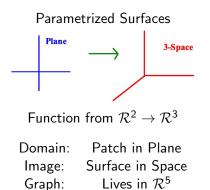
$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} 2xy\frac{x^2-y^2}{x^2+y^2} & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0 & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$$

It Turns Out That

$$egin{aligned} &f_{xy}(0,0)=-2\ &f_{yx}(0,0)=+2 \end{aligned}$$

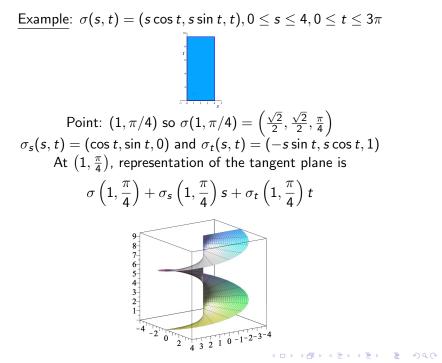
Mixed Partials Are Not Equal

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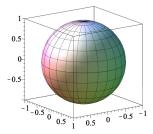
Need for Parametrizations: Graph of  $f : \mathcal{R}^1 \to \mathcal{R}^1$  is a curve but not every curve is the graph of such a function

Similarly, graph of  $f : \mathcal{R}^2 \to \mathcal{R}^1$  is a surface but not every surface is the graph of such a function.



Parametrize Unit Sphere

 $\sigma(s,t) = (\cos t \cos s, \sin t \cos s, \sin s), 0 \le s \le 2\pi, 0 \le t \le 2\pi$ 



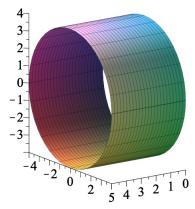
$$x = \cos t \cos s, y = \sin t \cos s, z = \sin s$$
$$x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} = \cos^{2} t \cos^{2} s + \sin^{2} t \cos^{2} s + \sin^{2} s$$
$$= \cos^{2} s(\cos^{2} t + \sin^{2} t) + \sin^{2} s$$
$$= \cos^{2} s + \sin^{2} s = 1$$

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#### Parametrize Cylinder

$$x = s, y = 4 \cos t, z = 4 \sin t, 0 \le s \le 3, 0 \le t \le 2\pi$$



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A Note on Notation: We have been writing two and three dimensional vector **horizontally** (x, y, z) rather than vertically  $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}$  to conserve space on paper or blackboard, but the vertical form is technically more proper and will make some of the

subsequent theorems easier to understand.

See Case 2  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  in Unified Treatment of Tangent Lines and Tangent Lines.

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