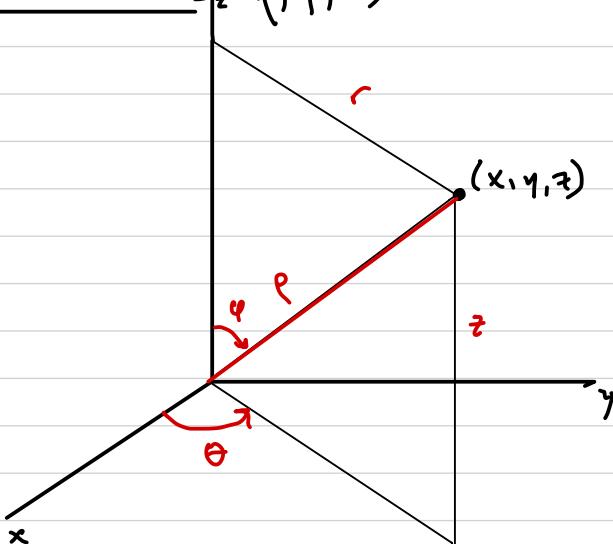


## Spherical Coordinates $(\rho, \varphi, \theta)$



Often restrict

$$\rho \geq 0$$

$$0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi$$

$$0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$$

so pts (other than z-axis)

have unique  $(\rho, \varphi, \theta)$  coords.

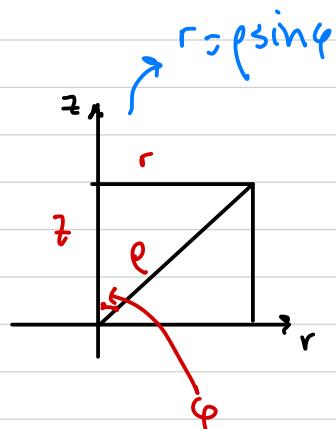
Change of coordinates formulas:

$$x = \underbrace{\rho \sin \varphi \cos \theta}_{r}$$

$$y = \underbrace{\rho \sin \varphi \sin \theta}_{r}$$

$$z = \rho \cos \varphi$$

$$\rho^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$$



Ex Sketch the surface  $\rho \sin \varphi = 2$ .

