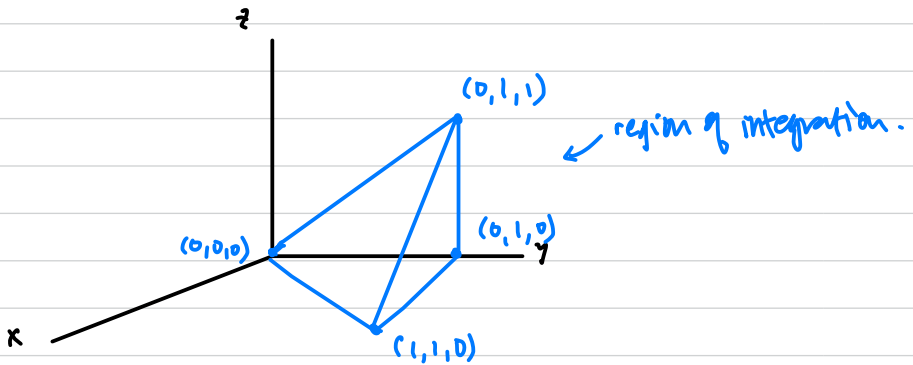


Ex Set up integral of $f(x,y,z) = xyz$ over tetrahedron with vertices $(0,0,0)$, $(0,1,0)$, $(1,1,0)$, and $(0,1,1)$.

First:

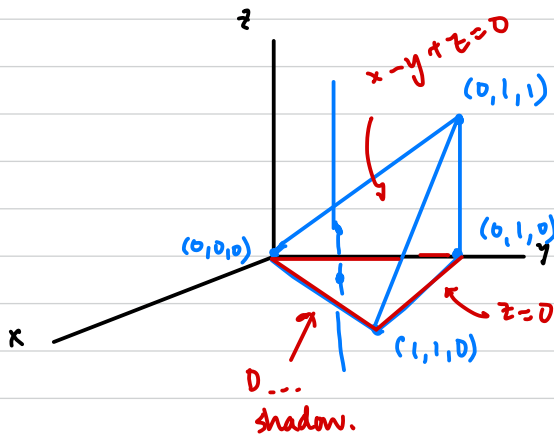


Want: $\iiint_{\mathcal{R}} xyz \, dV.$

Let's integrate w.r.t. z first $\Rightarrow$

project onto D in xy -plane

$\hookrightarrow$ get rid of z



upper boundary
surface: plane
 $z = y - x$

lower boundary
surface: xy -plane
 $\hookrightarrow z = 0$

Choose a point (x^*, y^*) in D , draw line through B
parallel to z -axis to get z -limits of integration

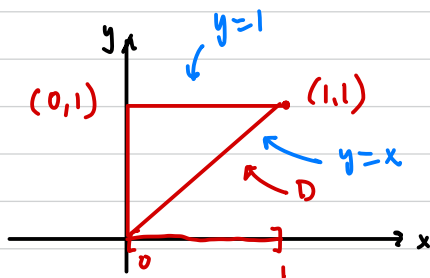
$$\int \int \left[\int_0^{y-x} xyz \, dz \right] dA$$

$\nearrow$ endpoints $\nearrow$ curves $\nearrow$ z -values... represent surfaces

Ask: Do same surfaces work for all points in D ?

(Here: yes. If not, repeat process.)

For the rest, set up a 2-diml integral over
projection D in xy -plane:



$$\int_0^1 \int_x^1 \int_0^{y-x} xyz \, dz \, dy \, dx$$

or: $\int_0^1 \int_0^y \int_0^{y-x} xyz \, dz \, dx \, dy$

$$\int_0^1 \int_x^1 \left. \frac{xyz^2}{2} \right|_{z=0}^{z=y-x} dy \, dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_x^1 \frac{xy(y-x)^2}{2} - 0 \, dy \, dx$$

= etc.